Growth of juvenile fish from Douro estuary, Portugal, based in microincrement count

Figueiredo, D.1,2, Santos, P.1,2

- 1. Faculdade de Ciencias, University of Porto, Pr. Gomes Teixeira, 4099-002 Porto, PORTUGAL

2. CIIMAR, Rua dos Bragas 177, 4050-123 Porto, PORTUGAL

INTRODUCTION

The study of fish community of the Douro estuary only recently started. The growth of young fish in this important estuary 20 Km long was not studied before this work. Four species, the most abundant young fish in the sampling area, were chosen to study the growth: Chelon labrosus (thicklip grey mullet), Liza ramada (thinlip mullet), Liza aurata (golden grey mullet) and Atherina presbyter (sand smelt).



Sampling area



Europe and Douro river

METHODS

Sampling at the end part of Douro estuary with a beach-seine collected only small (20-82 mm) fish. After cleaning and storing in plastic vials, sagitta otoliths were prepared to examination in a JEOL JSM-6301-F scanning electron microscope: mounting in Struers Specifix-20 resin, abrasion with Silicon carbide paper 1000 and 4000, polishing with Struers AP-Fin 0.3 um. etching with 0.1% HCl and cathodic gold spraying.

From all prepared otoliths, the best images were selected and increments were counted in 13 A. presbyter, 20 C. labrosus, 18 L. ramada, and 16 Liza aurata and were related to total length to access growth equations.

RESULTS

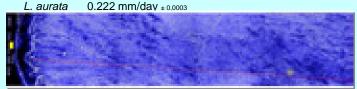
The growth of young fish is well described by straight lines, as displayed in graphs. Other lines were fitted with no better R2. The results are as follows:

growth equations (t=days; L=cm):

L. aurata $L_{t}=0.0175 \text{ t} + 1.093 \text{ (}r^{2}=0.9133; p<0.05)$ L. ramada $L_t=0.0152 t + 1.682 (r^2=0.9409; p<0.05)$ C. labrosus $L_t=0.0175 t + 1.093 (r^2=0.9138; p<0.05)$ A. presbyter $L_t=0.0085 t + 4.987$ (r²=0.8911; p<0.05)

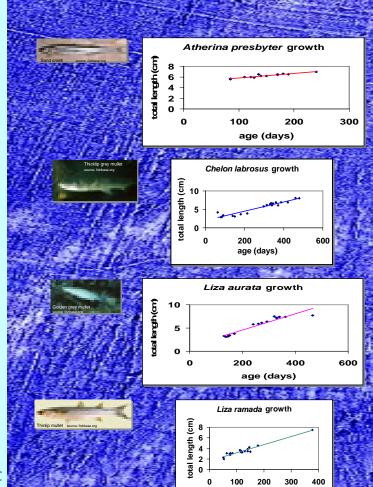
Average growth rates:

A. presbyter 0.456 mm/day ± 0,0020 L. ramada 0.324 mm/day ± 0,0012 C. labrosus 0.240 mm/day ± 0,0017



Parcial view of otolith (sagitta) with microincrements; yellow bar= 10µm (L. aurata)

References



age (days)