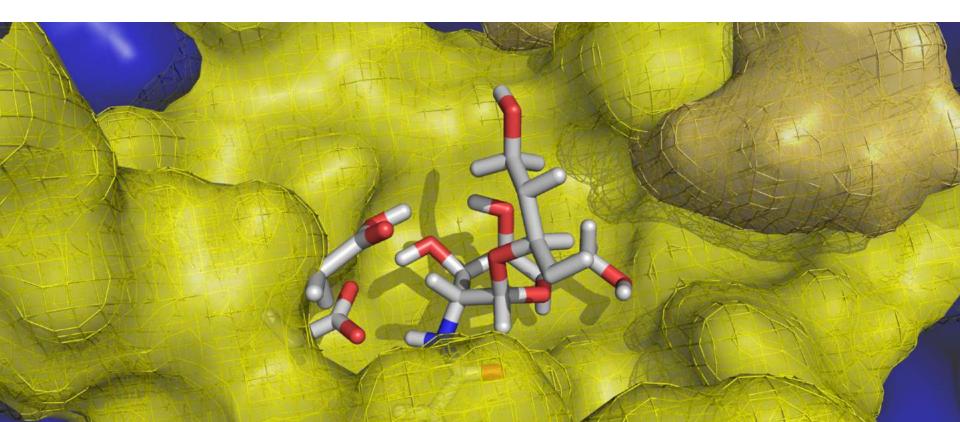
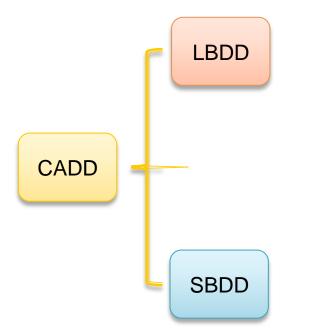
Virtual Screening of Compound Libraries

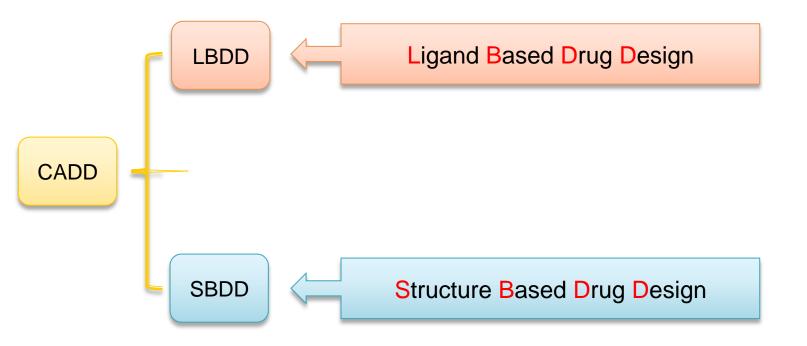
Pedro Alexandrino Fernandes

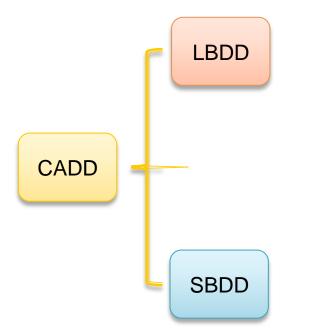
Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry University of Porto Portugal

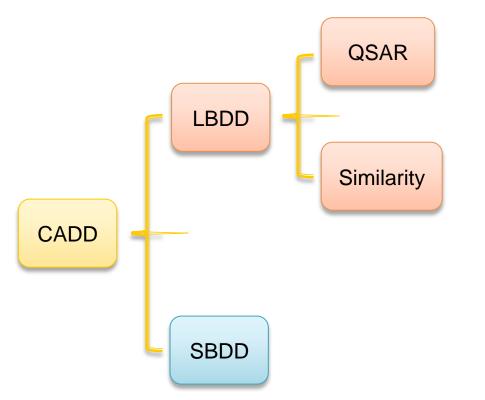


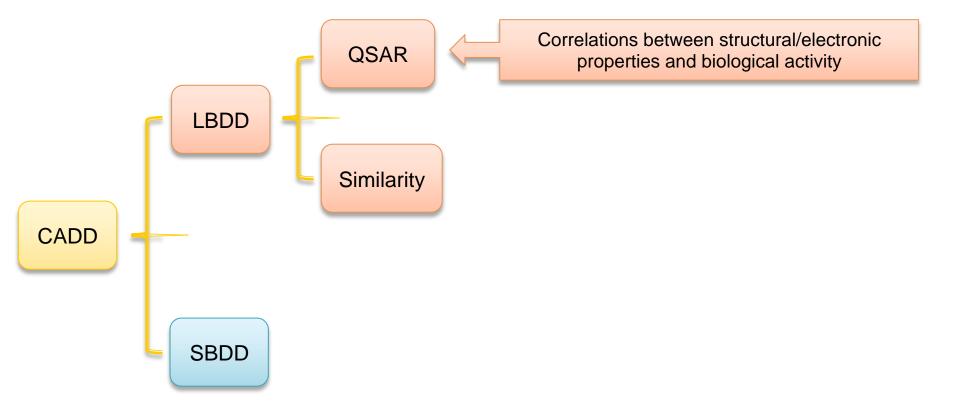
CADD

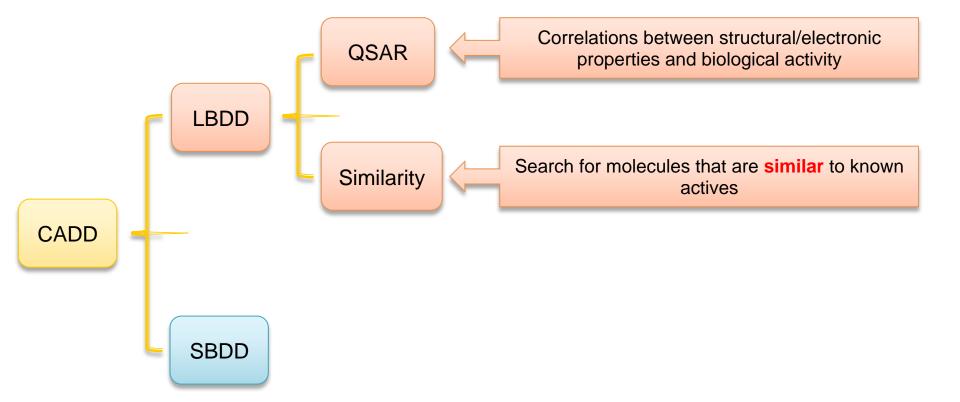


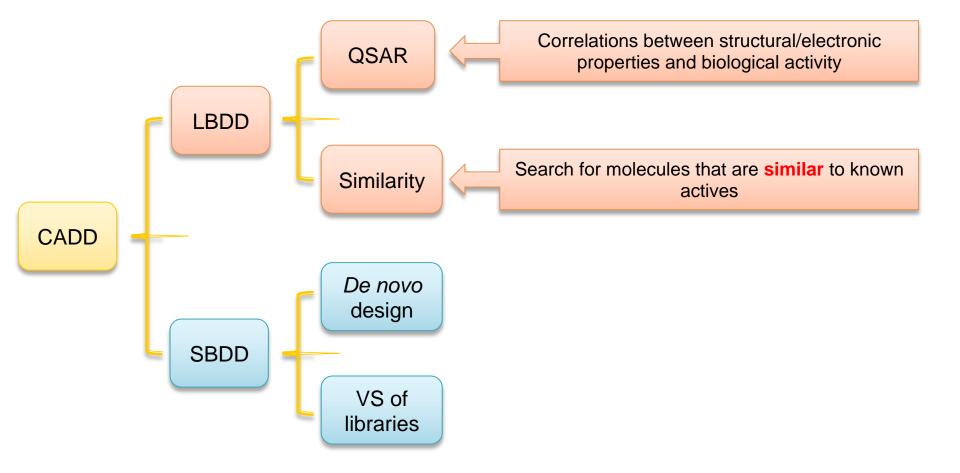


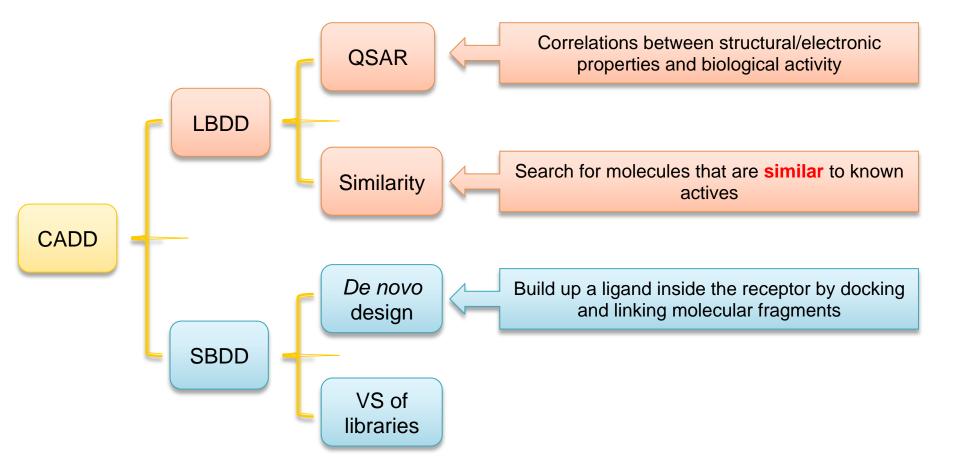


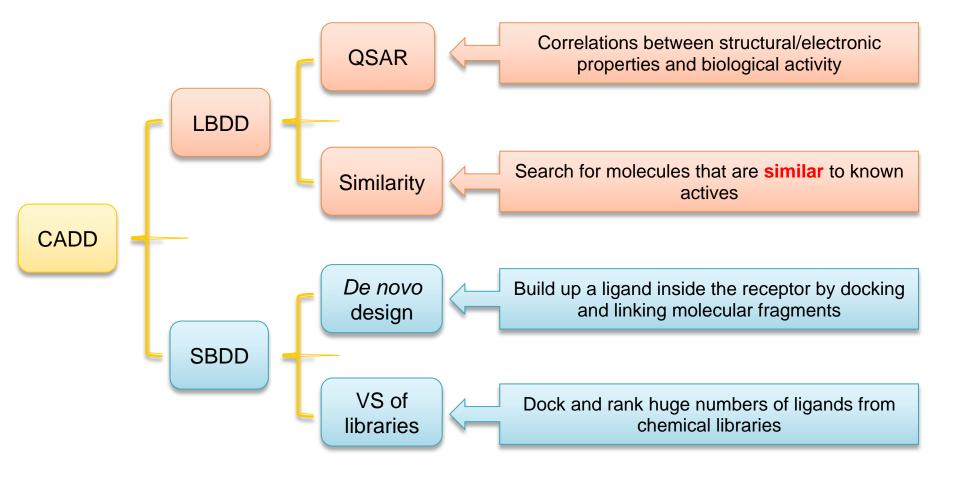




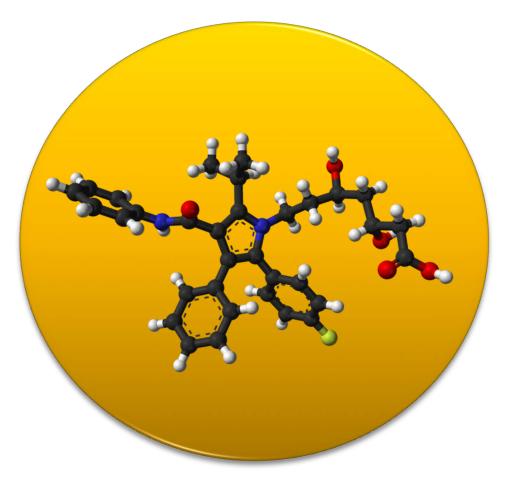








Structure-Based Drug Discovery



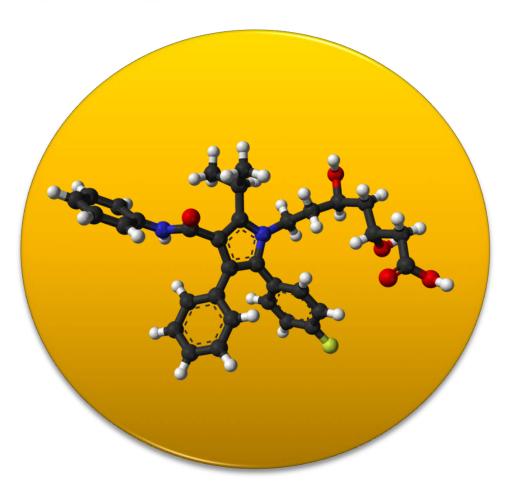
SBDD

First step: finding a **HIT**

Structure-Based Drug Discovery



Second step: improving the **HIT**



Find a hit through Virtual Screening

SBDD

First step: finding a **HIT**

Virtual Screening

Find a Hit Through Virtual Screening

What is a HIT molecule?



VIRTUAL HIT: Molecule that is predicted to bind the receptor with good affinity



VIRTUAL HIT: Molecule that is predicted to bind the receptor with good affinity

Computational **HIT** molecules may have never been synthesized



VIRTUAL HIT: Molecule that is predicted to bind the receptor with good affinity

Computational **HIT** molecules may have never been synthesized

Experimental HIT: Molecule that binds the receptor in solution with $\mu M K_{\mu}$



VIRTUAL HIT: Molecule that is predicted to bind the receptor with good affinity

Computational HIT molecules may have never been synthesized

Experimental HIT: Molecule that binds the receptor in solution with $\mu M K_{\mu}$

Experimental **HITS** do not need previous ADME-T studies

Lead Molecule

What is a LEAD molecule?



Molecule that binds the receptor in a cell culture with nM K_{I}



Molecule that binds the receptor in a cell culture with nM K₁

LEADS need to be synthesized



Molecule that binds the receptor in a cell culture with nM K₁

LEADS need to be synthesized

LEADS must show good ADME-T properties in vitro in cell cultures



Molecule that binds the receptor in a cell culture with nM K₁

LEADS need to be synthesized

LEADS must show good ADME-T properties in vitro in cell cultures

LEADS need to be patentable



Molecule that binds the receptor in a cell culture with nM K₁

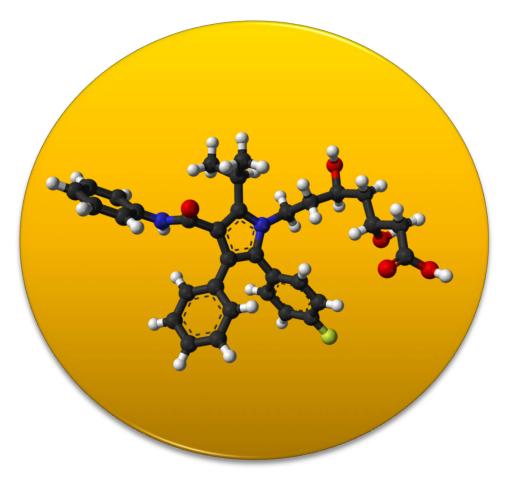
LEADS need to be synthesized

LEADS must show good ADME-T properties in vitro in cell cultures

LEADS need to be patentable

Only experiments can validate LEADS

Find a Hit Through Virtual Screening





First step: finding a **HIT**

SBDD

First step: finding a **HIT**

Virtual Screening

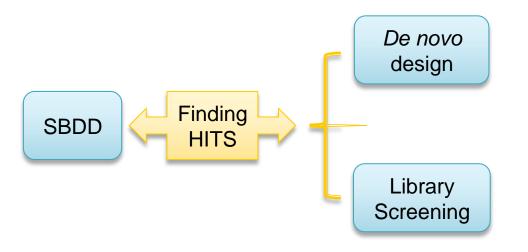
Virtual Screening of Chemical Libraries

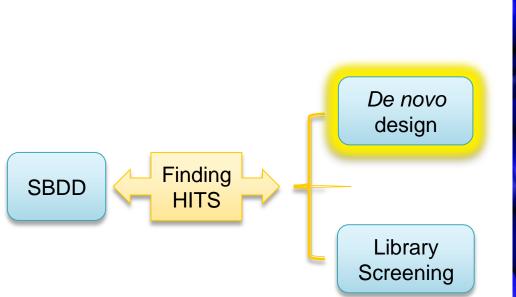
The objective of a Virtual Screening Campaign is to find NEW PHARMACOPHORES and not BETTER VARIANTS of a known pharmacophore

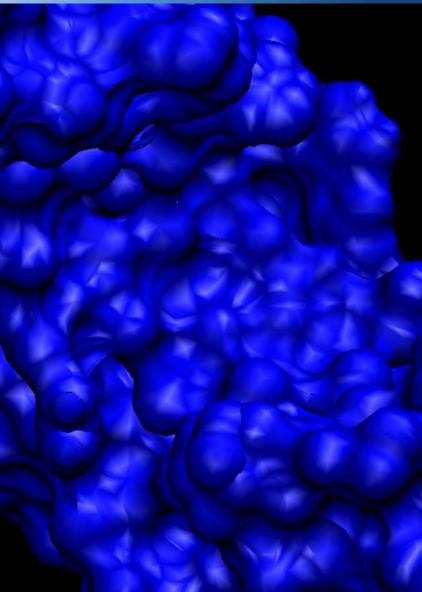
Virtual Screening of Chemical Libraries

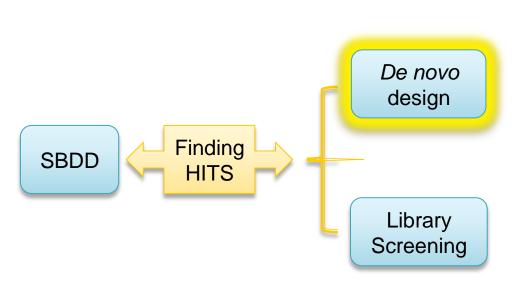
In a Virtual Screening Campaign we must be ready to tolerate FALSE POSITIVES and accept FALSE NEGATIVES in exchange of finding a new pharmacophore

Virtual Screening

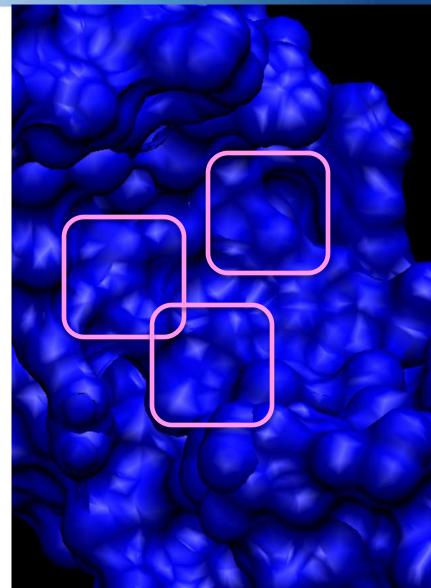


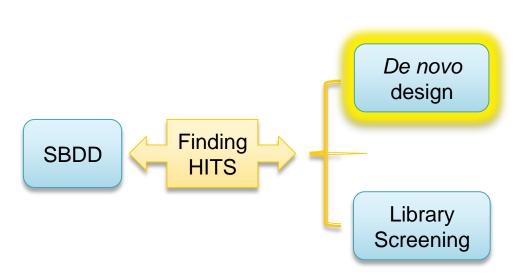


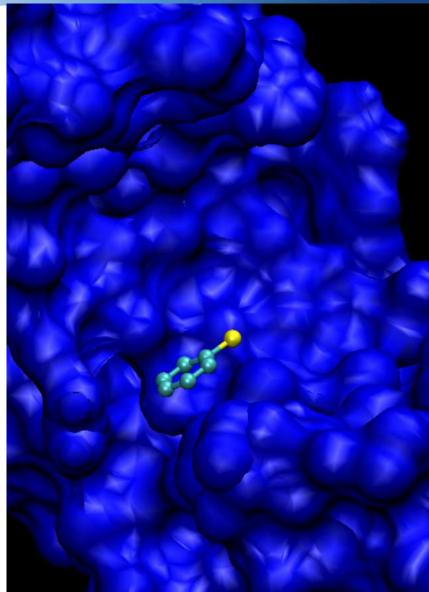


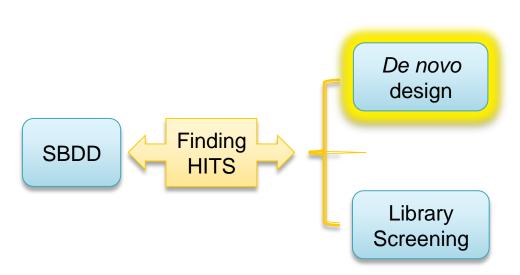


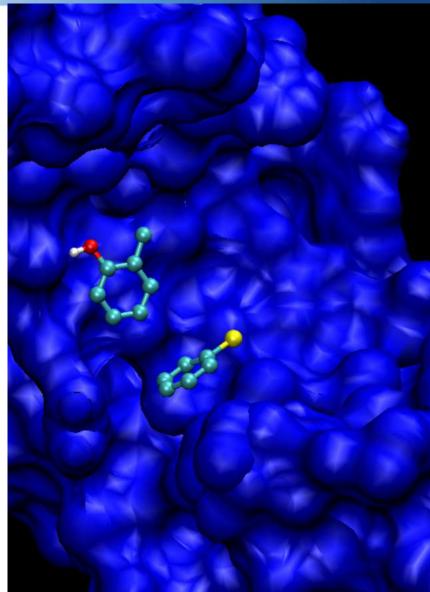
Search for small, druggable pockets

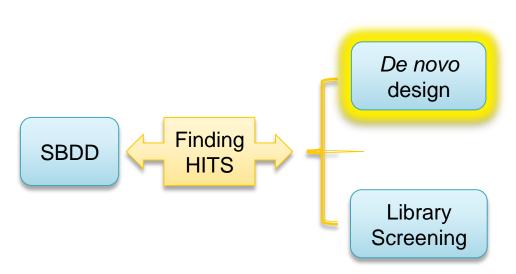


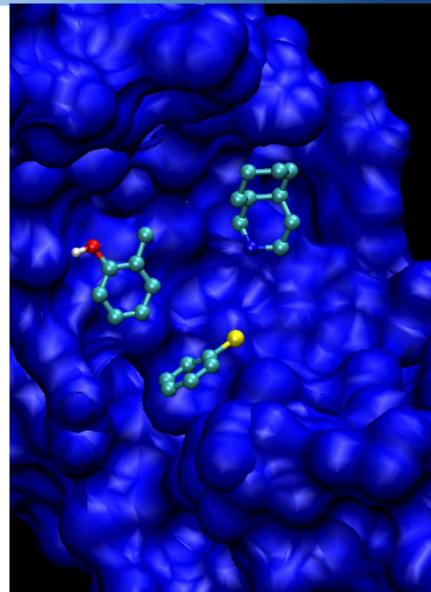


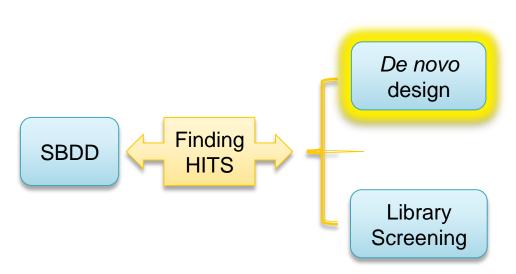


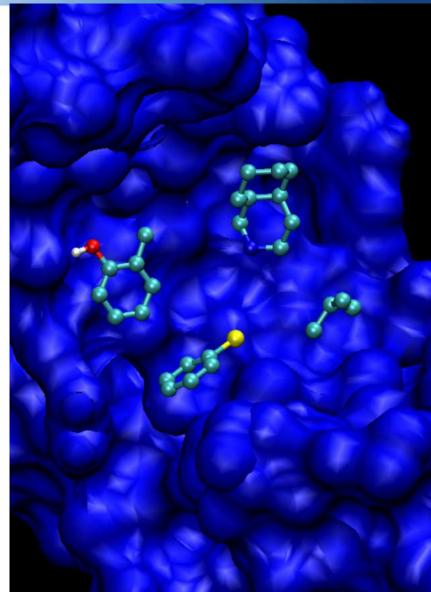


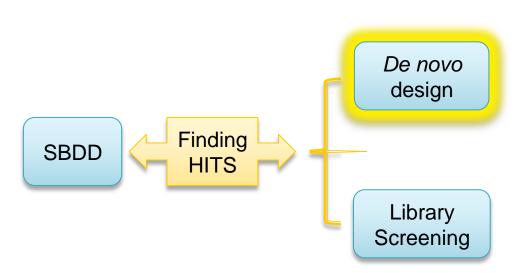




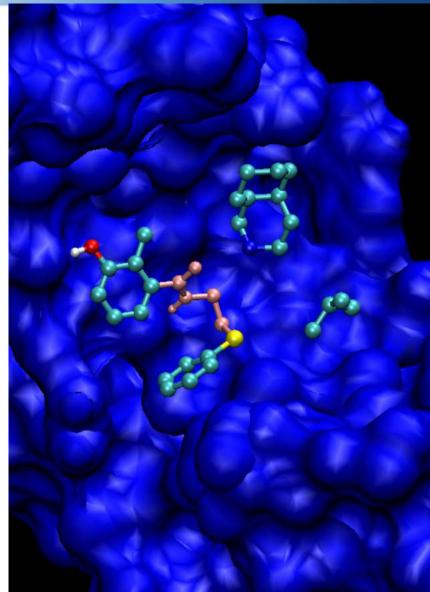


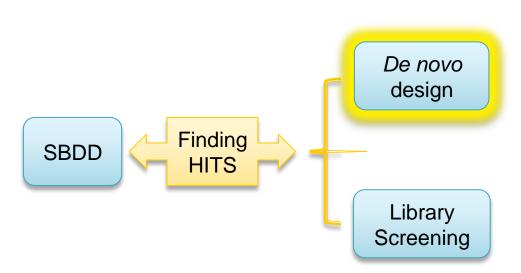




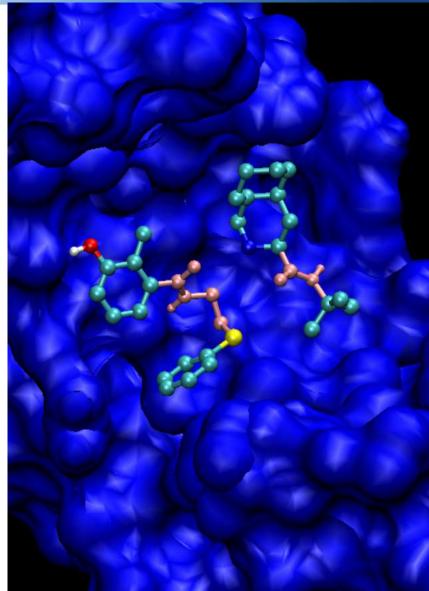


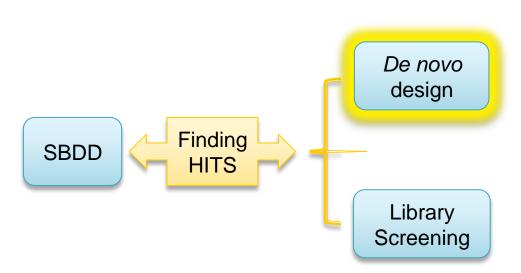
Use a large link library to search for the links that best connect the fragments



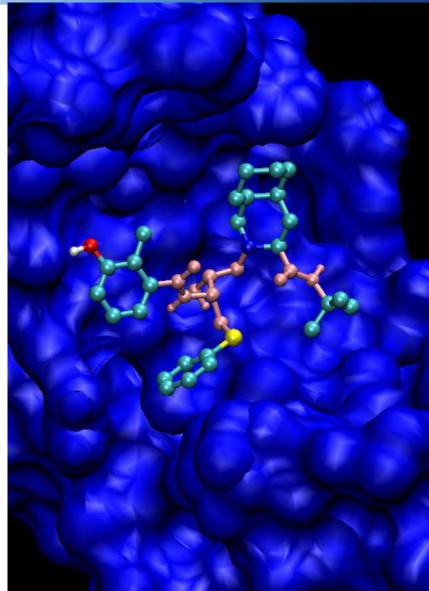


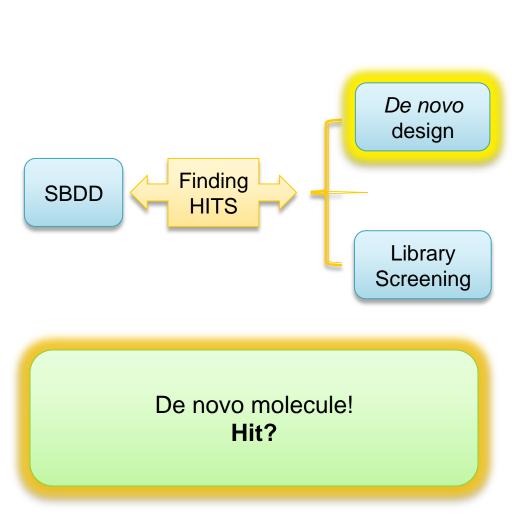
Use a large link library to search for the links that best connect the fragments

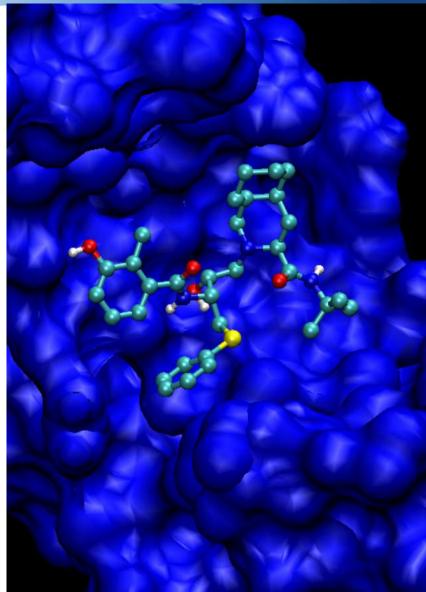




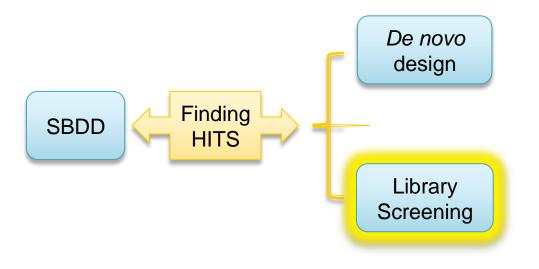
Use a large link library to search for the links that best connect the fragments



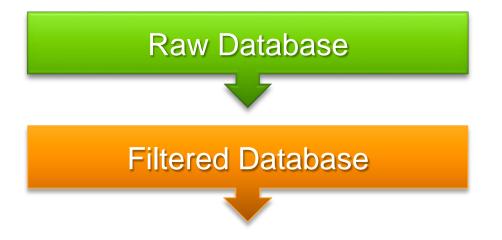


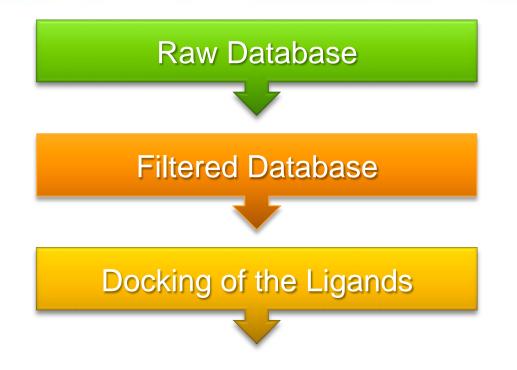


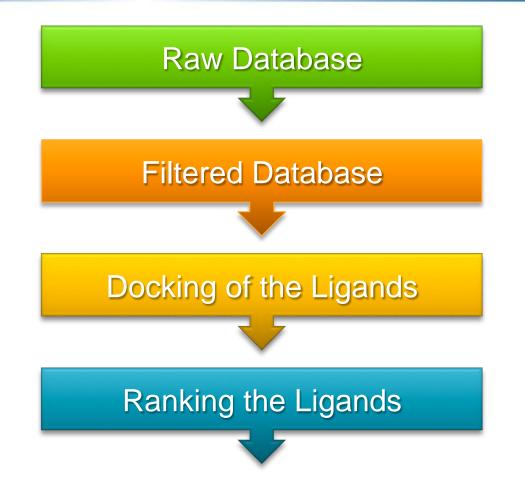
Strutcure Based Drug Discovery

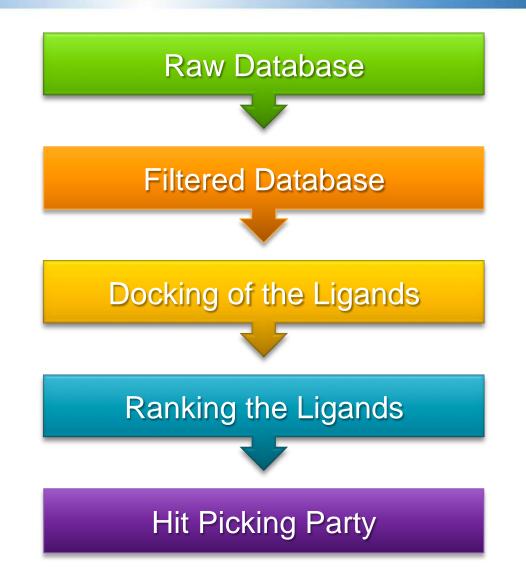








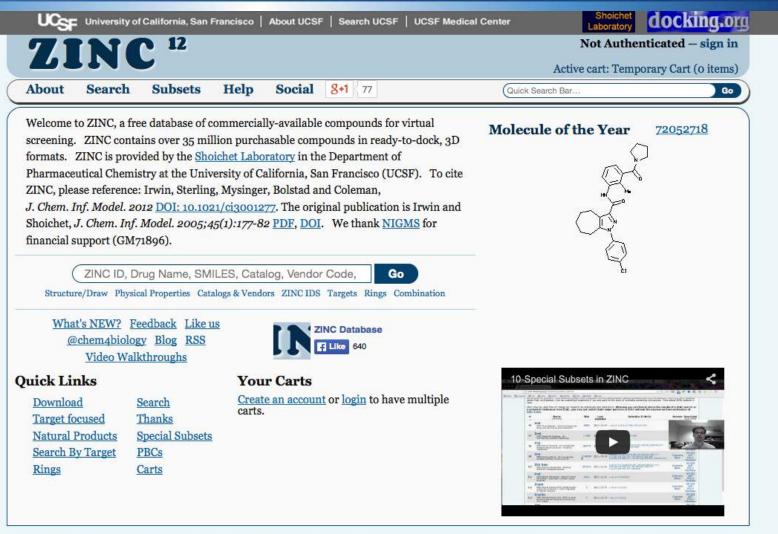




Some of the Available Online Compound Libraries

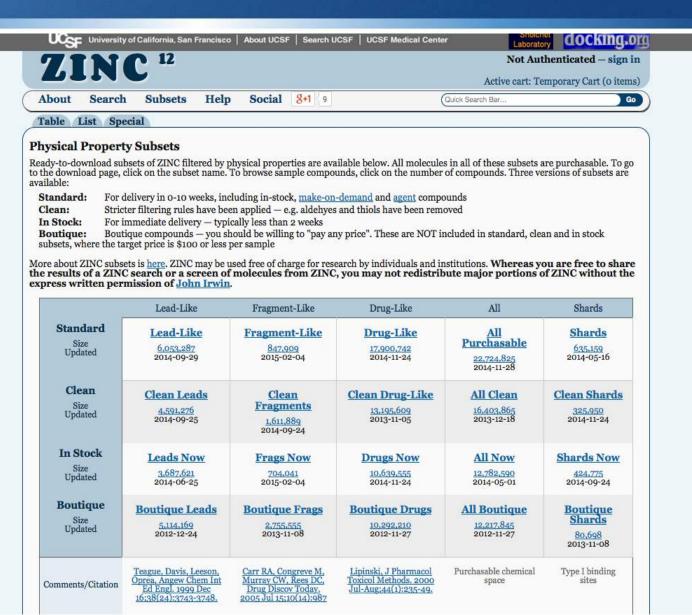
databases and ref	web pages	number of molecules
Binding Database ⁶¹	http://www.bindingdb.org	284 206 small ligands with 648 915 binding data, for 5662 protein targets
Chem ID ⁶²	http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/ chemidplus/	388 000
ChemBank ⁶³	http://chembank.broadinstitute.org	800 000
ChEMBL db ⁶⁴	https://www.ebi.ac.uk/chembldb/	658 075 differing bioactive compounds and 8091 targets
Chemical Entities of Biological Interest (ChEBI) ⁶⁵	http://www.ebi.ac.uk/chebi/init.do	584.456
ChemMine ⁶⁶	http://bioweb.ucr.edu/ ChemMineV2/	6 200 000
Chimiotheque nationale ⁶⁷	http://chimiotheque-nationale. enscm.fr/index.php	44 817 compounds, 32 573 compounds in plate, 14 514 natural extracts
Commercial Compound Collection (CoCoCo) ⁶⁸	http://cococo.unimore.it/tiki-index. php	6957 134 molecules, more than 144 millions conformations
Developmental Therapeutics Program (DTP) ⁶⁹	http://dtp.nci.nih.gov Downloads: http://cactus.nci.nih.gov/	473 965
DrugBank ⁷⁰	http://www.drugbank.ca	6827 drugs, 4477 nonredundant protein sequences
GVK BIO ⁷¹	http://www.gvkbio.com/ informatics.html	not specified (focused libraries with target inhibitor or toxicity collections applied in the field of bio- and chemo-informatics)
i:lib diverse ⁷²	http://www.inteligand.com/	drug-like fragment set for combinatorial library generation
Mother of All Databases (MOAD) ⁷³	http://www.bindingmoad.org	14 720 ligand-protein complexes, 4782 structures with binding data, 7064 ligands
PDB bind ^{74,75}	http://www.pdbbind.org/	3214 ligand-protein complexes
PubChem ⁷⁶	http://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/	49 875 000
Therapeutic Target Database ^{77,78}	http://bidd.nus.edu.sg/group/cjttd/ TTD_HOME.asp	1906 targets, 5124 drugs
Traditional Chinese Medicine Database (TCM) ⁷⁹	http://tcm.cmu.edu.tw/	more than 20 000 pure compounds isolated from 453 TCM ingredients
WOMBAT ⁸⁰	http://www.sunsetmolecular.com/	305 727 molecules, 1966 unique targets
ZINC ⁸¹	http://zinc.docking.org/	13 000 000

Zinc Database



Bioinformatics and Chemical Informatics Research Center (BCIRC) Terms of use Privacy policy Questions, Discussion, Bug reports, Feature requests Thank you NIGMS! GM71896 Go Secure

Zinc Database



Filtering is necessary to allow for a better evaluation of the candidates afterwards

Filtering is necessary to allow for a better evaluation of the candidates afterwards

Large number of candidates are needed to find good hits

Filtering is necessary to allow for a better evaluation of the candidates afterwards

Large number of candidates are needed to find good hits The larger the number of candidates the worse the predictions will be

Filtering is necessary to allow for a better evaluation of the candidates afterwards

Large number of candidates are needed to find good hits The larger the number of candidates the worse the predictions will be



How to filter?

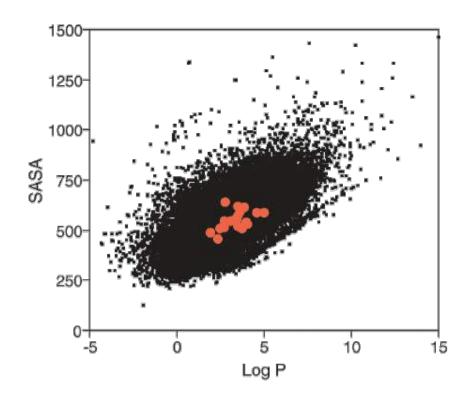
How to filter?

ADME descriptors?

How to filter?

ADME descriptors?

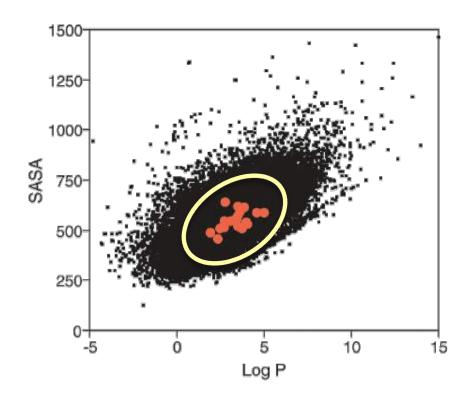
Fig. 1. Plot of solvent accessible surface area $(Å^2)$ versus log P, as computed by QikProp (27), for the >70,000 compounds in the 2001 Maybridge catalog with the addition of 20 nonnucleoside inhibitors of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (NNRTIs) in red.



How to filter?

ADME descriptors?

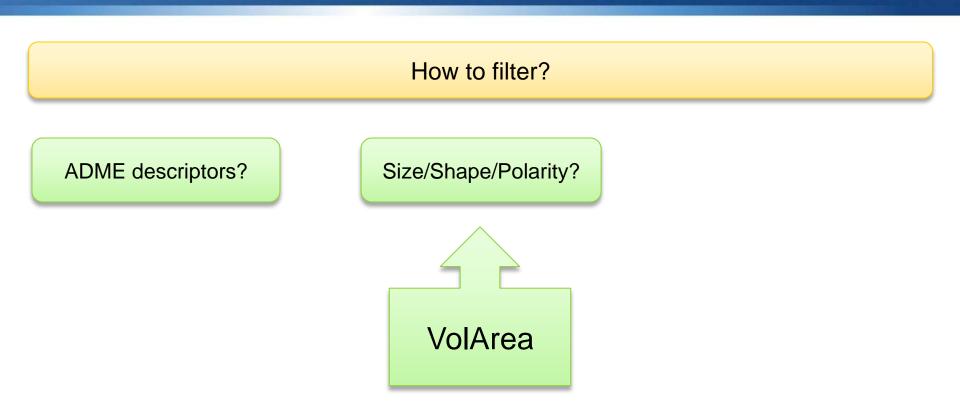
Fig. 1. Plot of solvent accessible surface area $(Å^2)$ versus log P, as computed by QikProp (27), for the >70,000 compounds in the 2001 Maybridge catalog with the addition of 20 nonnucleoside inhibitors of HIV-1 reverse transcriptase (NNRTIs) in red.

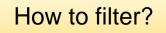


How to filter?

ADME descriptors?

Size/Shape/Polarity?

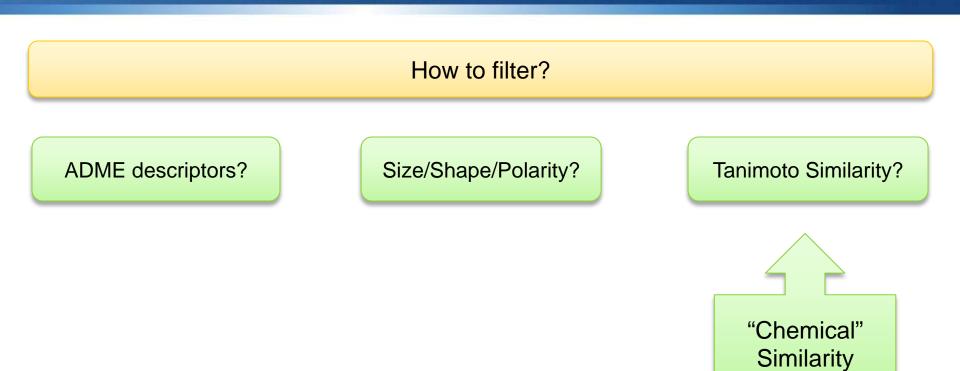


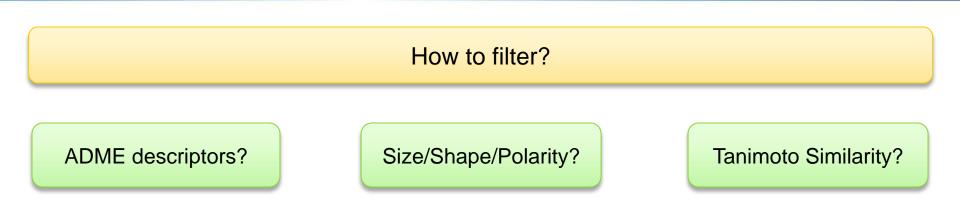


ADME descriptors?

Size/Shape/Polarity?

Tanimoto Similarity?





Filtering focus the search in known leads/pharmacophores. It increases chance of hit detection but reduces the diversity of the ligands.

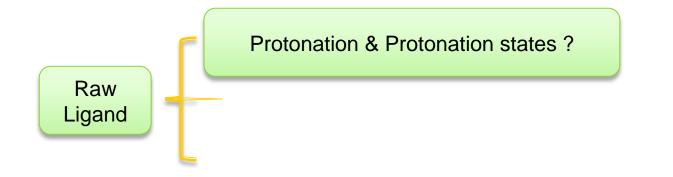


The objective of a Virtual Screening Campaign is to find NEW PHARMACOPHORES and not BETTER VARIANTS of a known pharmacophore

Preparing the Ligand and Receptor

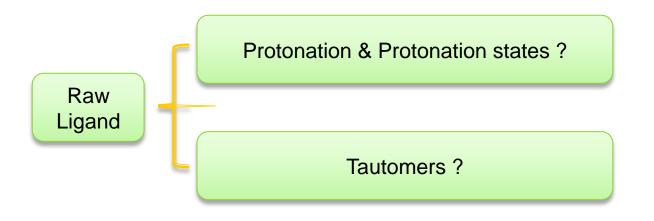




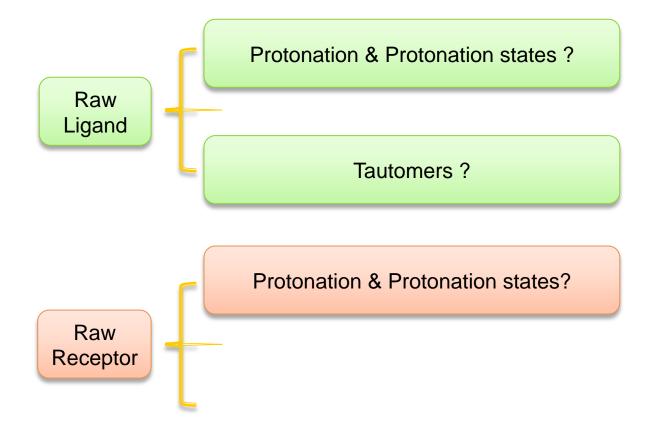


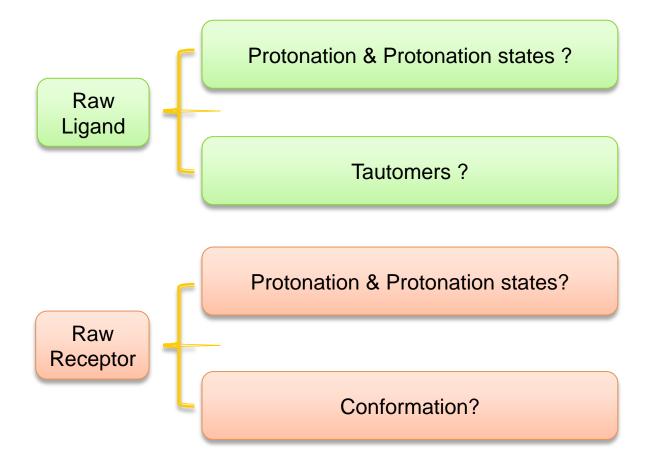
Protonation & Protonation states ?







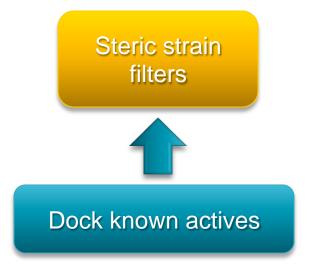


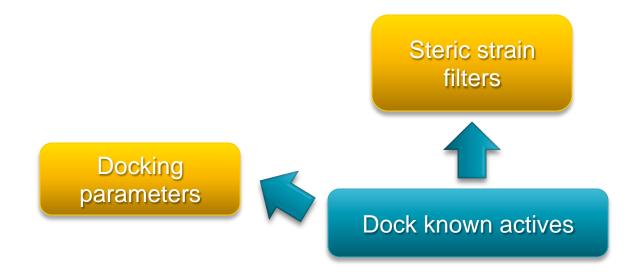


Docking the Ligands

Molecular Docking: Finding the binding pose of a ligand inside a receptor, and estimating its affinity. More of this on the next chapter

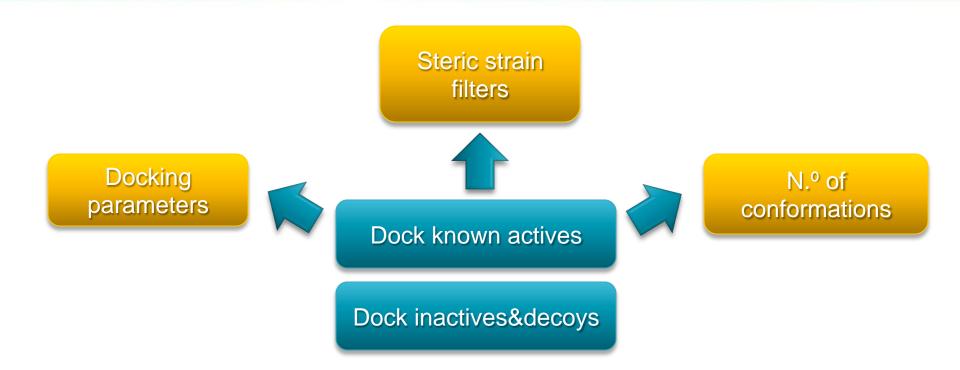
Dock known actives

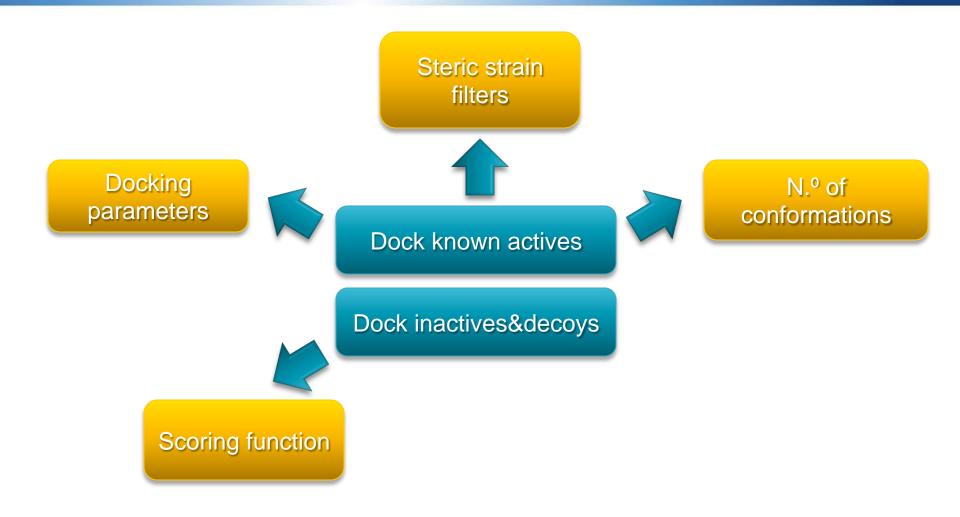


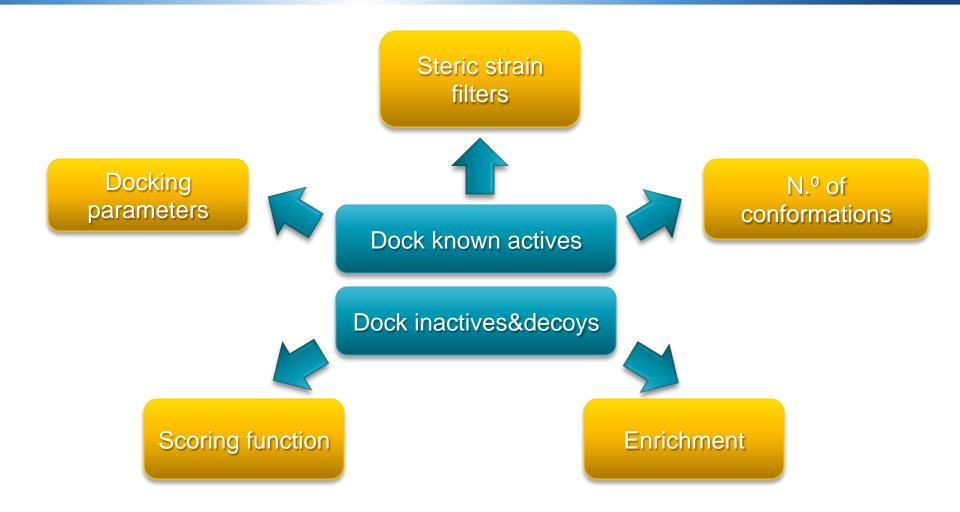


Tuning the docking method Steric strain filters









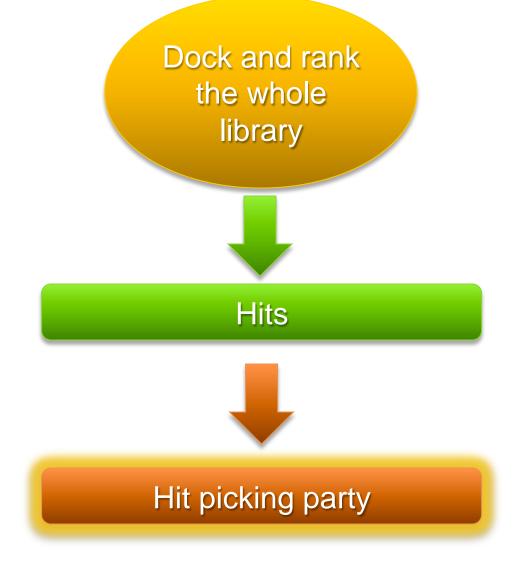
Docking the library

Dock and rank the whole library

Docking the library



Docking the library



Virtual Screening of Compound Libraries

Pedro Alexandrino Fernandes

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry University of Porto Portugal

